

# Veterinary and Phytosanitary Regulations Division (VPRD)

## Presentation about the Revision of the EU legislation on Veterinary Medicinal Products



Veterinary Medicines Section

Prepared by Stephen Spiteri  
Senior Principal Pharmacist



# Introduction

**Current Legal framework on veterinary medicines (Directive 2001/82/EC). Will be replaced by a REGULATION**

- It does not cover finished medicated feed or feed additives
- Extensive analysis of a complex piece of legislation affecting a variety of stakeholders
- It will have a direct effect on the National Legislation



## **Stakeholders:**

- Veterinary pharmaceutical industry
- Veterinary surgeons
- National competent authorities
- Wholesale dealers
- Retailers of veterinary medicines
- Farmers, pet owners
- SMEs



## **Clear message from stakeholders: a call for change**

### **Concerns:**

- Lack of veterinary medicines
- Deficient operation of the internal market
- High administrative burdens
- Problems specific to small Markets (Malta small, small animal population but increasing demands)



**Overall lack of authorised veterinary medicines in the Union (particularly to minor species and minor uses) leading to:**

- Risks to animal health and welfare
- Risks to public health
- Economic consequences to farming
- Legal implications on use of Cascade



## Problem drivers

- Multi-species market
- Pluri-national markets
- Complex authorisation requirements
- Complex post authorisation requirements
- Legislation not suited to innovation
- Lack of clarity of the legislation
- One size fits all
- Language problems (on packs)



## Regarding Multi-species market

- Expand market beyond top four animal species
- Use of the Cascade
- Information on authorisation of VMPs
- Simplification of data requirements for limited markets
- Data protection incentives



## Regarding Pluri-national markets

- Simplify procedures for authorisation in multiple national markets. (Malta may not even be considered as a 'separate market' from the point of view of MAH)
- Revision of authorisation procedures
- Tackling the issue of legacy products





# Regarding Complex post authorisation requirements

Simplification of:

- Pharmacovigilance (PSUR)
- Variations
- Sunset clause
- Renewals

But more obligations for signal detection of ADR and reporting



## **Regarding Lack of clarity in legislation**

Improve clarity on:

- Internet retailing of veterinary medicines
- Rules for novel treatments
- National controls (Malta will step up controls)
- Application requirements for VMPs for limited markets



## **Preferred options package**

- Improve Cascade
- Improve EU database of VMP
- Reduced data requirements for limited markets
- Reduced data requirements for medicines for bees
- Wider scope of centralised procedure

- Simpler packaging and labelling (pictograms)
- Review of legacy VMPs
- Generic applications may refer to environmental risk assessment data
- Harmonisation of clinical trials
- Risk-based pharmacovigilance (triggered reporting not periodic)



## Important Provisions

- Harmonisation of controls on distribution chain (including inspections and control measures)
- Name of Licensed wholesalers/pharmacies put in a Data base
- Measures to allow restrictions on authorisation and use of antimicrobials
- Measures regarding advertising
- Compulsory collection of data on the use of antimicrobials
- Harmonisation of the veterinary prescription and recognition throughout the Union
- Internet sale



## Important Provisions

- Regulation 7 will be retained.
- Flexibility of languages (depends on MS)
- More control on the use of AM on farms due to AMR issues. (economic incentives may be scrutinised)
- Rules covering retail pharmacies/dispensing clinics are applied by the individual MS
- Pricing issues may be considered.



**THANK YOU**